

**Proposed Substitute
Bill No. 1200**

January Session, 2023

LCO No. 6314

AN ACT CONCERNING SPECIAL EDUCATION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (*Effective from passage*) On and after the effective date of this
2 section, the Department of Education shall not include any federal funds
3 received by a local or regional board of education pursuant to the
4 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, P.L. 116-136, as
5 amended from time to time, the Coronavirus Response and Relief
6 Supplemental Appropriations Act, P.L. 116-260, as amended from time
7 to time, and the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, P.L. 117-2, as
8 amended from time to time, in the calculation of such board's net current
9 expenditures per pupil for purposes of determining the amount of the
10 grant paid by the State Board of Education to such board under section
11 10-76g of the general statutes.

12 Sec. 2. Section 10-4w of the general statutes is repealed and the
13 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

14 (a) As used in this section:

15 (1) "Remote learning" means instruction by means of one or more
16 Internet-based software platforms as part of a remote learning model;
17 and

18 (2) "Dual instruction" means the simultaneous instruction by a
19 teacher to students in-person in the classroom and students engaged in
20 remote learning.

21 (b) Not later than January 1, 2022, the Commissioner of Education
22 shall develop, and update as necessary, standards for remote learning.

23 (c) For the school years commencing July 1, 2022, and July 1, 2023, a
24 local or regional board of education may authorize remote learning to
25 students in grades nine to twelve, inclusive, provided such board (1)
26 provides such instruction in compliance with the standards developed
27 pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, (2) adopts a policy regarding
28 the requirements for student attendance during remote learning, which
29 shall (A) be in compliance with the Department of Education's guidance
30 on student attendance during remote learning, and (B) count the
31 attendance of any student who spends not less than one-half of the
32 school day during such instruction engaged in (i) virtual classes, (ii)
33 virtual meetings, (iii) activities on time-logged electronic systems, and
34 (iv) the completion and submission of assignments, and (3) prohibits the
35 provision of dual instruction as part of remote learning, unless dual
36 instruction is required in, or necessary to implement, the individualized
37 education program of a student who requires special education and
38 related services or a plan pursuant to Section 504 of the Rehabilitation
39 Act of 1973, as amended from time to time.

40 (d) For the school year commencing July 1, 2024, and each school year
41 thereafter, a local or regional board of education may authorize remote
42 learning to students in grades kindergarten to twelve, inclusive,
43 provided such board (1) provides such instruction in compliance with
44 the standards developed pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, (2)
45 adopts a policy regarding the requirements for student attendance
46 during remote learning, which shall (A) be in compliance with the
47 Department of Education's guidance on student attendance during
48 remote learning, and (B) count the attendance of any student who
49 spends not less than one-half of the school day during such instruction
50 engaged in (i) virtual classes, (ii) virtual meetings, (iii) activities on time-
51 logged electronic systems, and (iv) the completion and submission of
52 assignments, and (3) prohibits the provision of dual instruction as part
53 of remote learning, unless dual instruction is required in, or necessary

54 to implement, the individualized education program of a student who
55 requires special education and related services or a plan pursuant to
56 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended from time to
57 time.

58 Sec. 3. Section 3 of public act 21-95, as amended by section 3 of public
59 act 22-116, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
60 (*Effective from passage*):

61 (a) There is established a task force to study issues relating to the
62 provision and funding of special education in the state during the school
63 years commencing July 1, 2016, to July 1, 2020, inclusive. Such study
64 shall include, but need not be limited to, an examination of (1) the
65 provision of special education and related services, including the
66 provision of services to students identified as gifted and talented, and
67 whether local and regional boards of education are providing such
68 services directly or partnering with regional educational service centers,
69 contracting with a private provider of special education services, as
70 defined in section 10-91g of the general statutes, or as part of a
71 cooperative arrangement pursuant to section 10-158a of the general
72 statutes, (2) the cost of providing special education and related services,
73 including gifted and talented services, the total aggregate amount per
74 school district per year and the annual percentage increase or decrease
75 per school district of such cost, (3) the effect that the cost of special
76 education and gifted and talented services has on a board of education's
77 minimum budget requirement, (4) the level of state reimbursement to
78 boards of education for special education and gifted and talented
79 services, including the total amount for reimbursement submitted by
80 each school district per year and the total amount received by such
81 school district per year, and the percentage increase or decrease per year
82 of the difference of the total amount submitted and the total amount
83 received for each school district, [and] (5) the criteria and manner by
84 which school districts are identifying students who require special
85 education and related services or as gifted and talented, including
86 whether school districts are overidentifying or underidentifying such

87 students and the causes and reasons for such overidentification and
88 underidentification, (6) the feasibility of authorizing independent
89 evaluators from the Department of Education or hired by the parents
90 and guardians of students receiving special education and related
91 services to observe the provision of such services in the classroom, (7)
92 delaying the age in which a classification category of special education
93 services shall be made for a child requiring special education and related
94 services, (8) special education student-to-teacher ratios prescribed by
95 case load policies, regulations and formulas in effect in other states, with
96 a focus on provisions regarding the numbers of special education
97 students and intensity of services required for such students, and (9) any
98 other issues or topics relating to special education that the task force
99 deems necessary.

100 (b) The task force shall consist of the following members:

101 (1) Three appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives,
102 one of whom is a representative of the Special Education Equity for Kids
103 of Connecticut, one of whom is a representative of the Connecticut
104 Association of Boards of Education and one of whom is the parent or
105 guardian of a student who is enrolled in a public school and receiving
106 special education services;

107 (2) Three appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one
108 of whom is a representative of the Connecticut Association of Public
109 School Superintendents, one of whom is a representative of the
110 Connecticut Education Association and one of whom is the parent or
111 guardian of a student who is enrolled in a public school and receiving
112 special education services;

113 (3) Two appointed by the majority leader of the House of
114 Representatives, one of whom is a representative of the American
115 Federation of Teachers-Connecticut and one of whom is a representative
116 of the Connecticut Parent Advocacy Center;

117 (4) Two appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, one of whom

118 is a representative of the Connecticut Council of Administrators of
119 Special Education and one of whom is a representative of the RESC
120 Alliance;

121 (5) Two appointed by the minority leader of the House of
122 Representatives, one of whom is a representative of the Connecticut
123 Association of School Administrators and one of whom is a
124 representative of the School and State Finance Project;

125 (6) Two appointed by the minority leader of the Senate, one of whom
126 is a representative of the Connecticut Association of Schools and one of
127 whom is a representative of the Connecticut Association of School
128 Business Officials; [and]

129 (7) The Commissioner of Education, or the commissioner's designee;

130 (8) The chairperson of the Advisory Council for Special Education,
131 established pursuant to section 10-76i of the general statutes; and

132 (9) A representative of the Connecticut Association of Private Special
133 Education Facilities, designated by the association.

134 (c) All appointments to the task force shall be made not later than
135 thirty days after the effective date of this section. Any vacancy shall be
136 filled by the appointing authority.

137 (d) The speaker of the House of Representatives and the president
138 pro tempore of the Senate shall select the cochairpersons of the task force
139 from among the members of the task force. Such cochairpersons shall
140 schedule the first meeting of the task force, which shall be held not later
141 than sixty days after the effective date of this section.

142 (e) The administrative staff of the joint standing committee of the
143 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to education
144 shall serve as administrative staff of the task force.

145 (f) Not later than [January] February 1, 2024, the task force shall

146 submit a report on its findings and recommendations to the joint
147 standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of
148 matters relating to education, in accordance with the provisions of
149 section 11-4a of the general statutes. The task force shall terminate on
150 the date that it submits such report or [January] July 1, 2024, whichever
151 is later.

152 Sec. 4. Subparagraph (C) of subdivision (10) of subsection (a) of
153 section 10-76d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is
154 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

155 (C) Such parent, guardian, pupil or surrogate parent shall (i) be given
156 at least five school days' prior notice of any planning and placement
157 team meeting conducted for such child or pupil, (ii) have the right to be
158 present at and participate in all portions of such meeting at which an
159 educational program for such child or pupil is developed, reviewed or
160 revised, (iii) have the right to have (I) advisors of such person's own
161 choosing and at such person's own expense, (II) the school
162 paraprofessional assigned to such child or pupil, if any, and (III) such
163 child or pupil's birth-to-three service coordinator, if any, attend and
164 participate in all portions of such meeting at which an educational
165 program for such child or pupil is developed, reviewed or revised, [and]
166 (iv) have the right to have each recommendation made in such child or
167 pupil's birth-to-three individualized transition plan, as required by
168 section 17a-248e, if any, addressed by the planning and placement team
169 during such meeting at which an educational program for such child or
170 pupil is developed, and (v) have the right to have translation services
171 provided (I) by a certified interpreter who is present in person or
172 available by telephone or through an online technology platform, or (II)
173 through an Internet web site or other electronic application, if the
174 primary language of such parent, guardian, pupil or surrogate is a
175 language other than English.

176 Sec. 5. Subsection (j) of section 10-66bb of the general statutes is
177 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*

178 2023):

179 (j) (1) The governing council of a state or local charter school may
180 apply to the State Board of Education for a waiver of the requirements
181 of the enrollment lottery described in subdivision (8) of subsection (d)
182 of this section, provided such state or local charter school has as its
183 primary purpose the establishment of education programs designed to
184 serve one or more of the following populations: (A) Students with a
185 history of behavioral and social difficulties, (B) students identified as
186 requiring special education, (C) students who are English language
187 learners, or (D) students of a single gender.

188 (2) An enrollment lottery described in subdivision (8) of subsection
189 (d) of this section shall not be held for a local charter school that is
190 established at a school that is among the schools with a percentage equal
191 to or less than five per cent when all schools are ranked highest to lowest
192 in accountability index scores, as defined in section 10-223e.

193 (3) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection,
194 on and after July 1, 2023, no application for enrollment in a state or local
195 charter school shall inquire or request information about an applicant
196 student's need for or receipt of special education and related services,
197 and the criteria for administering an enrollment lottery for a state or
198 local charter school shall not include consideration of a student's need
199 for or status as requiring special education and related services.

200 Sec. 6. Section 10-236b of the general statutes is repealed and the
201 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

202 (a) For purposes of this section:

203 (1) "Life-threatening physical restraint" means any physical restraint
204 or hold of a person that (A) restricts the flow of air into a person's lungs,
205 whether by chest compression or any other means, or (B) immobilizes
206 or reduces the free movement of a person's arms, legs or head while the
207 person is in the prone position;

208 (2) "Psychopharmacologic agent" means any medication that affects
209 the central nervous system, influencing thinking, emotion or behavior;

210 (3) "Physical restraint" means any [mechanical or] personal restriction
211 that immobilizes or reduces the free movement of a person's arms, legs
212 or head, including, but not limited to, carrying or forcibly moving a
213 person from one location to another. The term does not include: (A)
214 Briefly holding a person in order to calm or comfort the person; (B)
215 restraint involving the minimum contact necessary to safely escort a
216 person from one area to another; (C) medical devices, including, but not
217 limited to, supports prescribed by a health care provider to achieve
218 proper body position or balance; (D) helmets or other protective gear
219 used to protect a person from injuries due to a fall; (E) helmets, mitts
220 and similar devices used to prevent self-injury when the device is (i) part
221 of a documented treatment plan or individualized education program
222 pursuant to section 10-76d, as amended by this act, or (ii) prescribed or
223 recommended by a medical professional, as defined in section 38a-976,
224 and is the least restrictive means available to prevent such self-injury; or
225 (F) [an exclusionary] a time out;

226 (4) "School employee" has the same meaning as provided in
227 subsection (b) of section 10-221o;

228 (5) "Seclusion" means the involuntary confinement of a student in a
229 room from which the student is physically prevented from leaving.
230 "Seclusion" does not include [an exclusionary] a time out;

231 (6) "Student" means a child (A) enrolled in grades kindergarten to
232 twelve, inclusive, in a public school under the jurisdiction of a local or
233 regional board of education, (B) receiving special education and related
234 services in an institution or facility operating under contract with a local
235 or regional board of education pursuant to subsection (d) of section 10-
236 76d, (C) enrolled in a program or school administered by a regional
237 education service center established pursuant to section 10-66a, or (D)
238 receiving special education and related services from an approved
239 private special education program, but shall not include any child

240 receiving educational services from (i) Unified School District #2,
241 established pursuant to section 17a-37, or (ii) the Department of Mental
242 Health and Addiction Services; and

243 (7) ["Exclusionary time out" means a temporary, continuously
244 monitored separation of a student from an ongoing activity in a non-
245 locked setting, for the purpose of calming such student or deescalating
246 such student's behavior] "Time out" means a behavior management
247 technique that may involve the separation of the student from the group
248 or classroom in a nonlocked setting.

249 (b) (1) No school employee shall use a physical restraint on a student
250 except as an emergency intervention to prevent immediate or imminent
251 injury to the student or to others, provided the restraint is not used for
252 discipline or convenience and is not used as a substitute for a less
253 restrictive alternative. (2) No school employee shall use a physical
254 restraint that is contraindicated based on a student's disability, health
255 care needs or medical or psychiatric condition. (3) Physical restraint
256 shall not be utilized as a planned intervention in a student's behavioral
257 intervention plan, individualized education program or plan pursuant
258 to Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended from time
259 to time.

260 (c) No school employee shall use a life-threatening physical restraint
261 on a student. This section shall not be construed as limiting any defense
262 to criminal prosecution for the use of deadly physical force that may be
263 available under sections 53a-18 to 53a-22, inclusive.

264 (d) (1) No school employee shall place a student in seclusion except
265 as an emergency intervention to prevent immediate or imminent injury
266 to the student or to others, provided the seclusion is not used for
267 discipline or convenience and is not used as a substitute for a less
268 restrictive alternative. (2) No student shall be placed in seclusion unless
269 (A) such student is monitored by a school [employee] mental health
270 specialist, as defined in section 12 of public act 22-47, during the period
271 of such student's seclusion pursuant to subsection (m) of this section,

272 and (B) the area in which such student is secluded is equipped with a
273 window or other fixture allowing such student a clear line of sight
274 beyond the area of seclusion. (3) Seclusion shall not be utilized as a
275 planned intervention in a student's behavioral intervention plan,
276 individualized education program or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the
277 Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended from time to time.

278 (e) No school employee may use a psychopharmacologic agent on a
279 student without that student's consent except [(1) as an emergency
280 intervention to prevent immediate or imminent injury to the student or
281 to others, or (2)] as an integral part of the student's established medical
282 or behavioral support or educational plan, as developed consistent with
283 section 17a-543 or, if no such plan has been developed, as part of a
284 licensed practitioner's initial orders. [The use of psychopharmacologic
285 agents, alone or in combination, may be used only in doses that are
286 therapeutically appropriate and not as a substitute for other appropriate
287 treatment.]

288 (f) If any instance of physical restraint or seclusion of a student
289 otherwise permissible under subsection (b) or (d) of this section exceeds
290 fifteen minutes, (1) an administrator, as defined in section 10-144e, or
291 such administrator's designee, (2) a school health or mental health
292 personnel, as defined in subsection (a) of section 10-212b, or (3) a board
293 certified behavioral analyst, who has received training in the use of
294 physical restraint and seclusion pursuant to subsection (o) of this
295 section, shall determine whether continued physical restraint or
296 seclusion is necessary to prevent immediate or imminent injury to the
297 student or to others. Upon a determination that such continued physical
298 restraint or seclusion is necessary, such individual shall make a new
299 determination every thirty minutes thereafter regarding whether such
300 physical restraint or seclusion is necessary to prevent immediate or
301 imminent injury to the student or to others.

302 (g) In the event that physical restraint or seclusion is used on a
303 student four or more times within twenty school days:

304 (1) An administrator, one or more of such student's teachers, a parent
305 or guardian of such student and, if any, a mental health professional, as
306 defined in section 10-76t, shall convene for the purpose of (A)
307 conducting or revising a behavioral assessment of the student, (B)
308 creating or revising any applicable behavioral intervention plan, and (C)
309 determining whether such student may require special education
310 pursuant to section 10-76ff; or

311 (2) If such student is a child requiring special education, as described
312 in subparagraph (A) of subdivision (5) of section 10-76a, or a child being
313 evaluated for eligibility for special education pursuant to section 10-76d,
314 as amended by this act, and awaiting a determination, such student's
315 planning and placement team shall convene for the purpose of (A)
316 conducting or revising a behavioral assessment of the student, and (B)
317 creating or revising any applicable behavioral intervention plan,
318 including, but not limited to, such student's individualized education
319 plan.

320 (h) (1) Each local or regional board of education shall notify a parent
321 or guardian of a student who is placed in physical restraint, [or]
322 seclusion [not later than twenty-four hours after] or a time out on the
323 day that the student was placed in such physical restraint, [or] seclusion
324 or time out and shall make a reasonable effort to provide such
325 notification immediately after such physical restraint, [or] seclusion or
326 time out is initiated.

327 (2) Each local and regional board of education shall meet, in person
328 or through an online technology platform, or have a telephone
329 conversation with the parents or guardians of a student who was placed
330 in physical restraint or seclusion, or who has been placed in a time out
331 three times in the previous thirty days, not later than five days after the
332 student was placed in such physical restraint or seclusion or time outs.
333 The board shall provide such parents or guardians with a detailed
334 summary of the events leading up to and during such physical restraint,
335 seclusion or time outs, including the names of any witnesses of such

336 physical restraint, seclusion or time outs, and their accounts of such
337 events, and an explanation of the reasons for the use of such physical
338 restraint, seclusion or time outs.

339 (i) No school employee shall use a physical restraint on a student or
340 place a student in seclusion unless such school employee has received
341 training on the proper means for performing such physical restraint or
342 seclusion pursuant to subsection (o) of this section.

343 (j) [(1)] On and after July 1, [2016] 2023, each local or regional board
344 of education, and each institution or facility operating under contract
345 with a local or regional board of education pursuant to subsection (d) of
346 section 10-76d that provides special education for children, including
347 any approved private special education program, shall [(A)] (1) record
348 each instance of the use of physical restraint, [or] seclusion or time out
349 on a student, [(B)] (2) specify whether the use of seclusion was in
350 accordance with an individualized education program, [(C)] (3) specify
351 the nature of the emergency that necessitated the use of such physical
352 restraint, [or] seclusion or time out, and [(D)] (4) include such
353 information in an annual compilation on its use of such restraint, [and]
354 seclusion and time out on students. Each local or regional board of
355 education and such institutions or facilities operating under contract
356 with a local or regional board of education pursuant to subsection (d) of
357 section 10-76d that provides special education for children, including
358 any approved private special education program shall provide such
359 annual compilation to the Department of Education for the purposes of
360 [the pilot program established pursuant to subdivision (2) of this
361 subsection to examine] examining incidents of physical restraint, [and]
362 seclusion and time outs in schools and to the State Board of Education
363 for the purposes of subsection (k) of this section. Local or regional
364 boards of education and such institutions and facilities that provide
365 special education for children shall not be required to report instances
366 of in-school suspensions, as defined in subsection (c) of section 10-233a.

367 [(2)] The Department of Education shall establish a pilot program for

368 the school year commencing July 1, 2015. Such pilot program shall be
369 implemented in various districts, including, but not limited to, an
370 alliance district, a regional school district and a regional education
371 service center. Under the pilot program, the Department of Education
372 shall examine incidents of physical restraint and seclusion in schools
373 and shall compile and analyze data regarding such incidents to enable
374 the department to better understand and respond to incidents of
375 physical restraint and seclusion on students in the state.]

376 (k) The State Board of Education shall review the annual compilation
377 of each local or regional board of education, and each institution or
378 facility operating under contract with a local or regional board of
379 education pursuant to subsection (d) of section 10-76d that provides
380 special education for children, including any approved private special
381 education program, and shall produce an annual summary report
382 specifying (1) the frequency of use of physical restraint, [or] seclusion or
383 time out on students, (2) whether any student subjected to such
384 restraint, [or] seclusion or time out was a special education student,
385 [and] (3) if any such student was a special education student, whether
386 the use of such seclusion was in accordance with an individualized
387 education program or whether the use of such seclusion was an
388 emergency intervention to prevent immediate or imminent injury to the
389 student or to others, and (4) a disaggregation of the use of physical
390 restraint on various student demographic subgroups. Such report shall
391 be submitted not later than January 15, [2017] 2024, and annually
392 thereafter, to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly
393 having cognizance of matters relating to children and education for
394 inclusion in the annual report card prepared pursuant to section 2-53m.

395 (l) Any use of physical restraint, [or] seclusion or time out on a
396 student shall be documented in the student's educational record. The
397 documentation shall include (1) the nature of the emergency and what
398 other steps, including attempts at verbal deescalation, were taken to
399 prevent the emergency from arising if there were indications that such
400 an emergency was likely to arise, and (2) a detailed description of the

401 nature of the restraint, [or] seclusion or time out, the duration of such
402 restraint, [or] seclusion or time out and the effect of such restraint, [or]
403 seclusion or time out on the student's established educational plan.

404 (m) Any student who is physically restrained shall be continually
405 monitored by a school employee. Any student who is involuntarily
406 placed in seclusion shall be frequently monitored by a school
407 [employee] mental health specialist, as defined in section 12 of public
408 act 22-47. Each student so restrained or in seclusion shall be regularly
409 evaluated by a school [employee] mental health specialist for
410 indications of physical distress. The school [employee] mental health
411 specialist conducting the evaluation shall enter each evaluation in the
412 student's educational record. For purposes of this subsection, "monitor"
413 means (1) direct observation, or (2) observation by way of video
414 monitoring within physical proximity sufficient to provide aid as may
415 be needed.

416 (n) If the use of such restraint, [or] seclusion or time out results in
417 physical injury to the student, the local or regional board of education,
418 and each institution or facility operating under contract with a local or
419 regional board of education pursuant to subsection (d) of section 10-76d
420 that provides special education for children, including any approved
421 private special education program, shall report the incident to the State
422 Board of Education, which shall include such incident in the report
423 required pursuant to subsection (k) of this section. The State Board of
424 Education shall report any incidence of serious injury or death to the
425 nonprofit entity designated by the Governor in accordance with section
426 46a-10b to serve as the Connecticut protection and advocacy system, as
427 required by the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights
428 Act of 2000, 42 USC 15041, et seq., as amended from time to time, and
429 any regulations promulgated thereunder, and as required by the
430 Protection and Advocacy for Individuals with Mental Illness Act, 42
431 USC 10801 et seq., as amended from time to time, and any regulations
432 promulgated thereunder, and, if appropriate, to the Child Advocate of
433 the Office of the Child Advocate.

434 (o) (1) Each local or regional board of education shall provide training
435 regarding the physical restraint and seclusion of students to the
436 members of the crisis intervention team for each school in the district,
437 identified pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection. A local or
438 regional board of education may provide such training to any teacher,
439 as defined in section 10-144d, administrator, as defined in section 10-
440 144e, school paraprofessional, school mental health specialist, as
441 defined in section 12 of public act 22-47, or other school employee, as
442 defined in section 10-222d, designated by the school principal and who
443 has direct contact with students. Such training shall be provided during
444 the school year commencing July 1, [2017] 2023, and each school year
445 thereafter, and shall include, but not be limited to:

446 (A) An overview of the relevant laws and regulations regarding the
447 use of physical restraint and seclusion on students and the proper uses
448 of physical restraint and seclusion. For the school year commencing July
449 1, [2017] 2023, and annually thereafter, such overview shall be provided
450 by the Department of Education, in a manner and form as prescribed by
451 the Commissioner of Education;

452 (B) The creation of a plan by which each local and regional board of
453 education shall provide training regarding the prevention of incidents
454 requiring physical restraint or seclusion of students. Such plan shall be
455 implemented not later than July 1, [2018] 2023. The Department of
456 Education may, within available appropriations, provide ongoing
457 monitoring and support to local or regional boards of education
458 regarding the formulation and implementation of the plan; and

459 (C) The creation of a plan by which each local or regional board of
460 education shall provide training regarding the proper means of physical
461 restraint or seclusion of a student, including, but not limited to, (i)
462 various types of physical restraint and seclusion; (ii) the differences
463 between life-threatening physical restraint and other varying levels of
464 physical restraint; (iii) the differences between permissible physical
465 restraint and pain compliance techniques; and (iv) monitoring methods

466 to prevent harm to a student who is physically restrained or in seclusion.
467 Such plan shall be implemented not later than July 1, [2018] 2023;

468 (2) For the school year commencing July 1, 2017, and each school year
469 thereafter, each local and regional board of education shall require each
470 school in the district to identify a crisis intervention team consisting of
471 any teacher, as defined in section 10-144d, administrator, as defined in
472 section 10-144e, school paraprofessional, school mental health specialist,
473 as defined in section 12 of public act 22-47, or other school employee, as
474 defined in section 10-222d, designated by the school principal and who
475 has direct contact with students. Such teams shall respond to any
476 incident in which the use of physical restraint or seclusion may be
477 necessary as an emergency intervention to prevent immediate or
478 imminent injury to a student or to others. Each member of the crisis
479 intervention team shall be recertified in the use of physical restraint and
480 seclusion pursuant to subparagraph (C) of subdivision (1) of this
481 subsection or chapter 814e on an annual basis. Each local and regional
482 board of education shall maintain a list of the members of the crisis
483 intervention team for each school.

484 (p) Each local or regional board of education shall develop policies
485 and procedures that establish monitoring and internal reporting of the
486 use of physical restraint, [and] seclusion and time outs on students and
487 shall make such policies and procedures available on such local or
488 regional board of education's Internet web site and in such local or
489 regional board of education's procedures manual.

490 (q) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting the justified
491 use of physical force by a local, state or federal law enforcement official
492 while in the performance of such official's duties.

493 (r) The State Board of Education shall adopt or revise regulations, in
494 accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, concerning the use of
495 physical restraint and seclusion pursuant to this section. Not later than
496 sixty days after the adoption or revision of such regulations, each local
497 or regional board of education shall update any applicable policies and

498 procedures regarding the physical restraint and seclusion of students
499 and shall make such updated policies and procedures available in a
500 manner consistent with the provisions of subsection (p) of this section.

501 (s) Not later than January 1, [2019] 2024, each local or regional board
502 of education shall establish a policy regarding the use of [an
503 exclusionary time out] time outs. Such policy shall include, but need not
504 be limited to, a requirement that (1) [exclusionary] time outs are not to
505 be used as a form of discipline, (2) at least one school employee remain
506 with the student, or be immediately available to the student such that
507 the student and school employee are able to communicate verbally,
508 throughout the [exclusionary] time out, (3) the space used for [an
509 exclusionary] a time out is clean, safe, sanitary and appropriate for the
510 purpose of calming such student or deescalating such student's
511 behavior, (4) the [exclusionary] time out period terminate as soon as
512 possible, and (5) if such student is a child requiring special education,
513 as defined in section 10-76a, or a child being evaluated for special
514 education, pursuant to section 10-76d, as amended by this act, and
515 awaiting a determination, and the interventions or strategies are
516 unsuccessful in addressing such student's problematic behavior, such
517 student's planning and placement team shall convene as soon as is
518 practicable to determine alternative interventions or strategies.

519 Sec. 7. Section 19a-6u of the general statutes is repealed and the
520 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2023*):

521 For the fiscal [year] years ending June 30, 2023, to July 1, 2025,
522 inclusive, the Department of Public Health shall administer a school-
523 based health center expansion grant program to provide grants to
524 [certain] operators of school-based health centers for the expansion of
525 school-based health centers and services provided by such centers. [The
526 following operators of school-based health centers shall be eligible for a
527 grant under this section: (1) The operator of a school-based health center
528 for any of the thirty-six recommended sites for expanded mental health
529 services contained in the final report of the School-Based Health Center

530 Expansion Working Group, established pursuant to section 16 of public
531 act 21-35, and (2) the operator of a school-based health center for any of
532 the one hundred twenty-four recommended schools for expanded
533 school-based health center medical and mental health services
534 contained in the final report of the School-Based Health Center
535 Expansion Working Group, established pursuant to section 16 of public
536 act 21-35.] The department shall give priority to awarding a grant to
537 those operators of a school-based health center that will provide services
538 after regular school hours. Each such operator shall submit, in
539 collaboration with the local or regional board of education for the school
540 district in which the school-based health center is located, an application
541 for a grant under this section at such time and in such manner as
542 prescribed by the department.

543 Sec. 8. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2023*) On and after July 1, 2023, the
544 Department of Education shall make available on the department's
545 Internet web site all documents relating to the decisions of a due process
546 hearing required under 34 CFR 300.500 to 300.537, and any corrective
547 actions taken by the department in response to a complaint, pursuant to
548 34 CFR 300.151 to 300.153, regarding the provision of special education
549 and related services by a local or regional board of education or other
550 entity responsible for the provision of special education and related
551 services to a student. The department shall redact any personally
552 identifiable information of a student prior to making such decisions and
553 documents available.

554 Sec. 9. Subsection (i) of section 10-76d of the general statutes is
555 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1,*
556 *2023*):

557 (i) (1) No local or regional board of education shall discipline,
558 suspend, terminate or otherwise punish any member of a planning and
559 placement team employed by such board who discusses or makes
560 recommendations concerning the provision of special education and
561 related services for a child during a planning and placement team

562 meeting for such child.

563 (2) No birth-to-three service coordinator or qualified personnel, as
 564 those terms are defined in section 17a-248, who discusses or makes
 565 recommendations concerning the provision of special education and
 566 related services for a child during a planning and placement team
 567 meeting for such child or in a transition plan, as required by section 17a-
 568 248e, shall be subject to discipline, suspension, termination or other
 569 punishment on the basis of such recommendations.

570 (3) No local or regional board of education shall discipline, suspend,
 571 terminate or otherwise punish any school employee, as defined in
 572 section 10-222d, who discusses or makes recommendations concerning
 573 the provision of services or accommodations for a student as part of a
 574 plan pursuant to Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as
 575 amended from time to time.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	10-4w
Sec. 3	<i>from passage</i>	PA 21-95, Sec. 3
Sec. 4	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	10-76d(a)(10)(C)
Sec. 5	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	10-66bb(j)
Sec. 6	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	10-236b
Sec. 7	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	19a-6u
Sec. 8	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	New section
Sec. 9	<i>July 1, 2023</i>	10-76d(i)